

TWENTY-SIX BODIES HAVE BEEN RECOVERED FROM WRECKED TRAIN

Believed That All Have Not Been Taken Out— Number of Injured Soldiers at Hospitals Totals Ninety- Five

DERAILING OF ENGINE TENDER BELIEVED TO BLAME

Baggage Car and Three Coaches Left the Track and Plunged Over a 25 Foot Trestle— Coaches Catch Fire and Burn Fiercely— Killed Were Badly Mangled and Many Bodies Will Never Be Assembled— Coast Artillerymen Were Victims of the Disaster Which Happened Near Mobile, Ala.

Meridian, Miss., Oct. 20.—At 10 o'clock this morning twenty-six bodies had been taken from the Mobile & Ohio troop train wreckage, near State Line, Miss., according to a telephone report reaching this city. This report said all bodies had not been taken out. The same report gave the number of injured at ninety-five. Some of these are at Buckatunna and some at State Line.

Mobile, Ala., Oct. 20.—Victims of yesterday's troop train wreck on the Mobile & Ohio railroad at Buckatunna, Miss., were brought to Mobile early today on relief trains. The list of known dead at 8 o'clock was 17, most of whom were members of the 170th coast artillery.

There were 74 seriously injured soldiers in Mobile hospitals, while a number of the less seriously hurt were taken to the government hospital at Fort Morgan. Physicians who arrived on the relief train said they fear at least 15 among the seriously injured could not survive.

The known dead: Private Joe Leber, 170th company. Private Ernest Paquette, 170th. Private Clyde Tweel, 170th. Corporal Fritz Kohler, 170th. Private W. L. Brin, 170th. Private G. W. Goodes, 170th. Private Van Stebbens, 170th. Corporal Frank T. Chelewski, 170th. Private Grueldruehl, 170th. Private G. C. Burleson, 170th. Private Acres, 170th. Private Edward Hanek, 170th. Private Virgil Remsen, 39th. Corporal Joseph S. Johnson, 8th band. Private Jos. Provance, 170th. A. T. Klovinsky, 170th. H. B. Bishop, 170th.

Investigations of the cause of the wreck continued today. It was believed to have resulted from the derailing of the locomotive tender, which dragged the baggage car and three coaches off the track and over a 25-foot trestle. The injured were members of the 170th and 39th companies and the 8th band. They were enroute from Fort Morgan and Fort Barancas to a state fair at Meridian, Miss.

Additional to the list of seriously wounded officers included Captain B. Taylor of the 29th, in command. The first section of a relief train from the wreck on the Mobile & Ohio railroad near Buckatunna, Miss., Sunday afternoon arrived here at 2:30 o'clock this morning, bringing seventeen dead and 85 injured. At least five more bodies were seen in the debris and rescue work is being continued.

The following officers were injured: Captain Frank Geere, 170th company; Lieutenant E. F. Barlow, 39th company; Lieutenant Robert M. Campbell, 15th company; Lieutenant E. M. Smith, 15th company. All of the victims of the Mobile & Ohio troop train wreck had not been removed from the wreckage early today, according to travelers arriving from there. They said that at 3 o'clock this morning 23 bodies had been recovered but they were certain more dead and injured still were in the wreckage. Most of those killed were badly mangled and passengers said they believed that many bodies never would be assembled. Arms and legs and even heads are scattered about the wreckage. The train was a special running as the second section of a regular passenger train on the Mobile and Ohio railroad.

Spectacular Fire In St. Louis This Morning Does \$1,000,000 Damage

St. Louis, Oct. 20.—With an estimated loss of half a million dollars in grain, the Advance Elevator in East St. Louis, Ill., burned to the ground early today. Crawling up and down the strip of land between the Mississippi river and the Cahokia Creek, the blaze did another half million dollars damage to the warehouse of the Chicago and Alton, the Baltimore and Ohio and the Clover Leaf railways companies. The few citizens of East St. Louis who were not kept up all night protecting their homes from flying embers, awoke this morning to find a burning mound of 200,000 bushels of wheat, 150,000 bushels of oats and 75,000 bushels of barley. Officials of the company predicted it would take several weeks for the mass of grain to burn itself out. There is said to be no hope of saving any of it. A rain which began early yesterday afternoon and continued into today

SNOW REPORTED THROUGH OHIO; BIG COLD WAVE

CARDINAL AT MISSIONARY CONVENTION

Boston, Oct. 20.—Cardinal O'Connell presided at the opening business session of the Catholic missionary convention today. The speakers included Archbishop Bonzano, the papal delegate; Bishop Schrembs of Toledo, whose topic was, "The Spirit of the Congress," and Archbishop Quigley of Chicago.

In his address, Archbishop Quigley, who is chancellor of the Catholic church extension society, said that the object of this congress was to "take measures to enlighten as effectively as possible all our people upon the mission work of the church at home and abroad." He urged that Catholic churches of all grades, as well as the schools and the houses, "be made more and more theatres for the dissemination of missionary information." He recommended the preparation of a mission textbook for this purpose, "to be used in the various languages of our Catholic people."

The formation of a supreme bureau to have charge of the general work of spreading knowledge of Catholic missions was advocated by Archbishop Quigley.

BEAGLE CLUB TO HOLD FIELD TRIALS AND A BENCH SHOW

Chadwell, Va., Oct. 20.—With the leasing of about 1,000 acres of land for the staging of the event, the National Beagle Club of America today laid its plans for the holding of its 24th annual field trials. The contest will begin November 6, when the dogs will be sent off to compete in the running of the pack stakes. Officials declared the entries were greater than had ever been known before in the history of the organization. A bench show held under the auspices of the American Kennel Club will be opened November 9 to beagles 15 inches and under in height.

DUCHESS ELENA TO START ACROSS CENTRAL AFRICA

Naples, Oct. 20.—The Duchess Elena of Aosta, considered one of the most remarkable women in Italy, left yesterday for Cairo to make her fourth journey across Central Africa. The trip will take four or five months during part of which time the duchess will be in the heart of darkest Africa. As a nurse in Tripoli, during the recent war, prominent also in relief work following the Messina earthquake, the duchess has long been regarded as one of the most remarkable women in Italy, her various activities having been carried on despite recurrent reports that she was in ill health.

CONFESSED TO KILLING WOMAN IN MILWAUKEE

Milwaukee, Wis., Oct. 20.—The identity of the woman who was strangled last night with her own silk scarf and her face and head crushed by blows from a piece of gas pipe, supposed to have been wielded by a man giving his name as George Schultz, has been established as that of Mrs. Emily Will, 52, a widow. Mrs. Will was a sister of Police Lieutenant William Maas. The police have identified Schultz, who confessed to having killed Mrs. Will, as Harry Barow of Milwaukee. Barow served 18 months in the Green Bay reformatory.

KILLED BY A STRAY BULLET

Kittanning, Pa., Oct. 20.—Mrs. Jack Derice was instantly killed as she entered a room in her home in Yatesboro, near here, tonight. Charles Cameratti and Carl Dimetry, foreigners, were shooting at each other, following a quarrel, when Mrs. Derice appeared, and a stray bullet struck her. Cameratti was arrested and a posse is searching for Dimetry.

SULZER MAY BE CANDIDATE FOR THE ASSEMBLY

New York, Oct. 20.—The question whether William Sulzer, deposed governor of New York, will receive the nomination for member of the assembly in the Sixth Assembly district of this city will be decided at a meeting of the Progressive party committee here tonight. Last night's reports from Albany were that Mr. Sulzer viewed favorably overtures made to him in the matter and planned to be here during the day to confer with the Progressive leaders of the Sixth district, which is in the East Side section where Sulzer formerly lived, and from which he was sent to the Assembly about twenty years ago. The time limit for the filing of a candidate's name expires at midnight.

SNOW REPORTED THROUGH OHIO; BIG COLD WAVE

Heavy King Winter. Overcoats and gloves were decidedly comfortable Sunday and Monday in Newark. In fact, all over the state the usual winter garments were worn freely and did not seem to be out of place.

At 1 o'clock Monday morning Newark thermometers registered 42 degrees and at 2 o'clock in the afternoon the temperature had fallen two degrees.

At Monday, O., the first snow of the season was reported, the ground being covered at daylight this morning. It vanished before a drizzling rain.

Pedestrians in Newark declared that a noble attempt was made here to establish a record date for early snow fall. If any snow fell it was not sufficient to cause any alarm. "From Nashville, Tenn., Hopkinsville, Ky., Birmingham, Ala., and Atlanta, Ga., snowfall was also reported, the earliest in any of these southern localities."

Missouri reports freezing temperatures all over the state for the first time this season. Kansas, Oklahoma and northern Texas also felt the icy fingers of King Winter, frost being reported in Texas. There was a light snowfall in eastern Missouri and for nearly an hour a temperature of 27 degrees was recorded at St. Josephs, Springfield and Sedalia, Mo.

NAVAL OFFICER WHO SERVED ON MAINE RETIRED

Washington, Oct. 20.—Lucien G. Heneberger, medical director of the navy and a member of the navy retiring board, was retired himself today because of age. His retirement leaves only eight other officers now in active service who were on the ill-fated battleship Maine when it was blown up in Havana harbor in 1898. The retiring officer was born in Virginia and appointed to the medical staff of the navy in June, 1874. He attained the rank of medical director in 1908.

PRISONERS WERE NEAR FREEDOM WHEN DISCOVERED

Columbus, O., Oct. 20.—It became known today that Fuller Johnson, serving five years from Lucas county, and James Carney, serving 20 years for killing a Dayton policeman, saved through the supposed impregnable cell block at the Ohio penitentiary last Saturday and that they were near freedom when they were detected in their attempt to escape.

Johnson and Carney sawed the bars that surrounded the ranges and climbed to the top, where they cut a hole in the roof, clambered over the roof of the administration building and were just about to consummate their escape when they were discovered by guards.

The prisoners had provided themselves with a rope made from bed clothing and strengthened by wire and had planned to overpower Guard Moore, posted on the roof of the administration building and climb down to liberty. Both were armed with large shears.

MURDERED WOMAN'S FUNERAL HELD TODAY

Cincinnati, Oct. 20.—The funeral of Mrs. William C. Ellis, murdered in a hotel last Wednesday night by her husband, was held today in the Spring Grove chapel, with none but close relatives in attendance. The services were simple, with burial in Spring Grove cemetery.

WILL DISMISS LIQUOR CASES IN SUPREME COURT

Columbus, Oct. 20.—Application was made to the United States supreme court at Washington today by Special Counsel Clarence D. Laylin and Frank Davis, jr., of the attorney general's office, for dismissal of the appeal cases taken to that court by the twenty-eight Newark citizens caught for the Dow tax by state liquor commission in their efforts to resist payments of the tax.

Last week, through the state liquor commission, these delinquents voluntarily settled with the state for all that was charged against them. An order sent out by the commission recently that no persons delinquent under the Dow law could not get a license did the business. Settlements having been made there is no longer need of pushing the appeal cases and both sides agreed that they should be dropped.

INVESTIGATION DEFEATED

Washington, Oct. 20.—Investigation of the appointment of George H. Gee as postmaster at Salem, O., through an alleged political deal, was defeated in the senate today only after Senator Bacon had thrown the body into executive session and Senator Burton's resolution for investigation had been beaten by lack of a quorum.

Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst Is Free to Enter United States to Complete Lecturing Tour

CLASS IN EUGENICS IS STARTED IN A NEW YORK CHURCH

New York, Oct. 20.—The Mount Morris Baptist church in Harlem has come forward as the first church in New York to start regular classes in eugenics. A prospectus of the course says: "If the church is to assume authority over the marriage contract, it has a much greater duty to its young people in educating them on the significance of the propagation of the race and to the ultimate happiness of the home."

The course will run for forty weeks and cover every phase of the subject of eugenics. Forty young men enrolled yesterday at the opening of the first class and on next Sunday a class for young women will be started.

GOVERNOR GLYNN PREPARING HIS FIRST MESSAGE

Albany, N. Y., Oct. 20.—Preparations were completed today for the departure of William Sulzer, private citizen, from Albany. It was generally said that before nightfall he would be on his way to New York, there to discuss with the Progressive party leaders plans for his running for the assembly this fall.

Governor Glynn arrived in Albany this morning from his home in Cedar Hill to make his first appearance in the executive chamber as the governor of the state. No important appointments were expected from Governor Glynn before Wednesday.

The legislature will reconvene Wednesday night. Governor Glynn is now preparing his first message as governor to that body. His recommendations are not expected to reflect a radical change in policy, but will be in the nature of preparation for the winding up of a prolonged and disturbed legislative session.

WEEKS LIVED A YEAR WITH BROKEN NECK

New York, Oct. 20.—Joseph Weeks, who has lived a year with a broken neck, died in a hospital at Babylon, Long Island, yesterday. His mind was clear until the end, but since the accident he had never been able to use his limbs. His unusual case had aroused great sympathy in the village and friends had often wheeled him about the streets in a chair and sometimes had taken him to the ball games.

FOUND POISON IN VITAL ORGANS OF ADMIRAL'S BODY

Plymouth, Mass., Oct. 20.—Prof. William F. Whitney, of the Harvard Medical school was called to the stand today in the trial of Mrs. Jennie May Eaton, charged with the murder of her husband, Rear Admiral Joseph G. Eaton, to recount the result of his analysis of the organs removed from the body of Admiral Eaton. District Attorney Katzmann asserted that Professor Whitney found 15 grains of white arsenic in the admiral's stomach.

Professor Whitney testified that the vital organs of the admiral's body were "permeated" with arsenic. He found a total of 16.67 grains of the poison.

The witness said that a large amount of the poison received by the admiral had been thrown off. The body probably had hidden itself of several times the amount that had been retained. The poison must have been taken through the mouth, either pure or in some fluid in order to have reached the stomach in the form found.

A letter written by Mrs. Eaton to Prof. Whitney in 1909, while the chemist was examining the digestive organs of an adopted child of the Eatons who had died suddenly was introduced. The writer said in part:

"Will you kindly inform me how much longer it will be before you can state exactly what my dear little, healthy, strong child died from. I am here alone in this isolated place with my husband, Admiral J. G. Eaton, whom I know to be a dangerous insane man."

"Now please search for foreign poisons as he has talked to me so freely about foreign poisons and has all the cleverness of a maniac and is cunning enough to use one that would be hard to detect. He has been planning my death all day today, and yet I am powerless and I trust on the finding of poison to have him examined for insanity and have him taken care of."

Australia last year bought more than 25,000 automobiles from the United States.

Immigration Commissioner Caminetti Reverses Ellis Island Board's Order of Deportation After President Wilson Holds Conference With Secretary Wilson

MUST DEPART AT END OF LECTURE ENGAGEMENTS

Noted British Militant Suffragette is Admitted Upon Her Own Recognizance and No Bond is Exact— Secretary States That There is An Element of Doubt as to Whether Her Acts Constituted Moral Turpitude or Were Political in Character— News Joyously Received at Headquarters of the National Woman Suffrage Association.

Washington, Oct. 20.—Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, the militant British suffragette, is free to enter the United States. The Ellis Island board's order of deportation was reversed today after President Wilson had conferred on the celebrated case with Secretary Wilson and a hearing had been concluded before Immigration Commissioner Caminetti.

Secretary Wilson announced at the conclusion of his conference with the president that Mrs. Pankhurst would be admitted upon her own recognizance, with the understanding that she would depart at the stipulated moral turpitude or were bond was exacted.

Secretary Wilson declared that he and the president had discussed the question briefly. "We agreed," he said, "that Mrs. Pankhurst should be admitted on her own recognizance. My reason is, and the president feels likewise, that there is naturally an element of doubt as to whether her acts constituted moral turpitude or were political in character. Being admitted on her own recognizance, of course, if she violates any of our laws, we have two remedies. Our courts may pass on her acts or we may deport her. There being the element of doubt as to whether moral turpitude or political offense was involved, we decided that we have sufficient safeguards and there can be no harm in admitting her."

The decision by the president and Secretary Wilson was communicated to Commissioner General Caminetti who issued the formal order of release. President Wilson felt that the law had a flexible interpretation, so that it was largely a question of policy. Commissioner Caminetti's decision was in strict accordance with the views of President Wilson and the secretary of labor. There was no demonstration at the immigration bureau when the decision was announced. At headquarters of the National Woman Suffrage association the news was received joyously but all the officers said they expected nothing else. Supporters of the suffrage movement in Congress received the announcement without making formal statements.

Immigration Commissioner Caminetti this morning took up Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst's case whether the militant British suffragette should be admitted to the United States or deported for the crimes of which she has been convicted for "the cause" in England. Attorneys for the suffragist pressed to view the situation with perfect complacency, saying that if the decision went against their client they immediately would sue out a writ of habeas corpus in the United States courts and hoped at all events to have Mrs. Pankhurst out of the Ellis Island detention station to speak at Madison Square Garden tonight.

President Wilson's interest in the case was viewed with the greatest satisfaction at the headquarters of the National Suffragette Association and by the suffrage supporters in Congress. A White House conference with Secretary Wilson of the department of labor, and Commissioner Caminetti was on the program as part of the day's proceedings. While the president of the United States has no specific authority to decide immigration cases, by law, it was pointed out that in such a case as Mrs. Pankhurst's involving to an extent a question of national policy, immigration officials would not take the responsibility to making a final decision without consulting the president.

Attorneys for Mrs. Pankhurst resumed their argument before Caminetti where they left off yesterday. At the end of his argument Attorney Reeves announced that in the event of a decision against Mrs. Pankhurst, which he said, parenthetically, he did not expect, he would ask Commissioner Caminetti to admit her under bond to fill her lecture engagements. He declared Mrs. Pankhurst had engaged passage back to (Continued on Page 8, Col. 4.)

Judge Wanamaker Defends Cities' Right to Nominate And Elect Own Officials

Columbus, Oct. 20.—Vigorously condemning constructions of the Home Rule amendment to the constitution which would rob cities of the right to nominate and elect their public officials in such manner as they choose, Judge R. M. Wanamaker today handed down his written opinion in the Supreme court's decision sustaining the new Cleveland charter provisions for nominations by petition and the non-partisan preferential form of ballot.

Quoting the constitutional provisions that "municipalities shall have authority to exercise all powers of local self-government," and declaring it to be the corner-stone of home rule for Ohio cities, Judge Wanamaker aims shafts at his three colleagues on the Supreme bench, Judges Shauk, Newman and Donahue, who ruled the Cleveland charter to be unconstitutional because it abrogates the general election laws of the state.

"Any farmer, workman, businessman, banker, physician, clergyman or any layman with average intelligence in English understands the clear, comprehensive and complete grant of power included in the above words. His opinion reads: 'Some lawyers and judges seem to have serious doubt about it.' Judges Shauk, Newman and Donahue argue that the provision of the constitution bestowing on cities 'all the powers of self government' was modified by the following language, 'and to adopt and enforce within their limits such local police sanitary and other similar regulations as are not in conflict with general laws.' Judge Wanamaker opposes their contention by declaring that this phrase supplements, not modifies the other. 'If I understand the conjunc-

tion and' it means addition, not subtraction," he says, "if it claimed that not in conflict with general laws' is found in the second half of the constitutional provision modifies the first half, then it must follow that all municipalities are as absolutely under the control and domination of the state legislature today as they were before the adoption of the home rule amendment because all general laws now on the statute books would be preserved and future legislatures might proceed with municipal legislation at their pleasure," his opinion continues. "Home rule would be an empty egg shell, a mere stare and ideality."

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Popularity of The Candidacy of Cong. Ashbrook

The last issue of the Ashland Press contains the following editorial pertaining to the candidacy of Congressman Wm. A. Ashbrook for re-election and the petitions now being circulated and signed in his behalf.

ASHBROOK HERE

In Conference with Democratic Friends—Pleased with Bright Outlook for His Candidacy.

Congressman W. A. Ashbrook, of Johnstown, representative from the present 17th congressional district and candidate for re-election in the new 17th district in which Ashland county is a part, was in Ashland from Monday until Wednesday morning. He left about 9:30 for Mansfield where he intends to spend a couple of days in Richland county. While here, Mr. Ashbrook spent most of the time conferring with his old friends and making new ones.

The above is from the Ashland Press, one of the ablest edited and most influential Democratic papers in the state, which is enthusiastically supporting Mr. Ashbrook's candidacy. In fact seven of the eight Democratic papers in the new district are openly advocating the nomination of Congressman Ashbrook and the Independent and Republican papers of the district are proportionately cordial to his candidacy.

In Licking county seventy-seven good Democrats are circulating the nomination petitions of our Congressman and will turn them in with 3,000 names in a few days. Mr. Ashbrook's popularity in his home county will be as manifest as ever at the primary next August when the Advocate predicts he will be easily and triumphantly renominated.

Mr. Ashbrook has been one of the most energetic, tireless and useful members Ohio ever sent to Congress, and the people he has so faithfully and honestly served will keep him there, fully realizing that long service means more efficient and better service.

Of the entire Ohio Congressional delegation not one stands higher today at Washington than William A. Ashbrook. His intimate familiarity with the government departments too, which he has acquired by faithful industry and courteous methods, has enabled him to render services to his constituents with a facility that is rarely attained by members of Congress. It is well known, furthermore, that Mr. Ashbrook's business methods are such that every constituent gets a prompt and satisfactory answer to every letter he writes to the Congressman.

Another reason why Mr. Ashbrook's constituents have cause to appreciate and support him is his friendly, cordial and popular relations with his fellow members. Being the Secretary of the Democratic House caucus, which position he has admirably filled during the last two sessions of Congress, Mr. Ashbrook today possesses a confidence and respect from his fellow members that are invaluable to him in his efforts to obtain favors for constituents.

The intelligence of the 17th Congressional district will not be slow to grasp these facts and reasons why William A. Ashbrook should be re-elected for another term in Congress. A decided sentiment for him today is manifest all over the district.

Ohio's Way.

Why has the income tax been so successful in Wisconsin?

The Saturday Evening Post in a recent issue tells why in one of its editorials.

It is because it can be enforced. But why can it be enforced? Why do not the tax dodgers continue to dodge, as they do the old personal property tax?

Because the taxing authority is in the hands of state officials.

Oct. 20 In American History.

1823—Birth in New York city of Daniel Edgar Sickles, lawyer, congressman and Federal general, especially conspicuous at Gettysburg.

1900—Charles Dudley Warner, noted author, died; born 1830.

1910—Thomas T. Eckert, who had charge of the government telegraph in the civil war, died; born 1822.

David Bennett Hill, ex-governor of New York, died; born 1843.

ASTRONOMICAL EVENTS.

Evening stars: Mercury, Jupiter. Morning stars: Saturn, Venus, Mars. Equidistant from zenith and at 8 p. m. southeast from that point with Vega on the west. Alpherat constellation Andromeda is a conspicuous object.

LIVER ILLS
Are Cured by
HOOD'S PILLS
25c.

Uncle Walt's Philosophy

Backbone.



From Yuba Dam to Yonkers the man of backbone conquers, where spineless critters fail; all obstacles overcome, he goes along a-humming, and gathers fame and kudos. No ghosts of failure haunt him, no grizzly bogies daunt him or make his spirits low, you'll find him scratching gravel wherever you may travel, from Butte to Broken Bow. From Winnipeg to Wooster you'll see this cheerful rooster, this model to all men; undaunted by reverses he wastes no time in curses, but digs right in again. His face is always shining though others are repining; you cannot keep him down; his trail is always smoking while cheaper men are croaking about the old dead town. From Humboldt to Hoboken he leaves his sign and token in buildings high and grand; in factories that flourish, in industries that flourish, a tired, anemic land. He brings the work to toilers and fills with bread and brotherly trust; he keeps the ripsaw ripping, the big triphammer tripping, the workman driving nails. Ad honor to his nobility! We drink to him in goblets of grapejuice rich and red—the man of spine and gizzard who hustles like a blizzard and simply won't be dead!

—Uncle Walt

The Industrial Commission of Ohio is having great success with the medical aspect of workmen's compensation insurance. By enforcing adherence to the provisions of an adequate and average fee bill and by encouraging the services of good physicians selected by the workmen or employers, and thus inducing the co-operation of the medical profession, it is removing from the field of controversy the question which has been most troublesome in all states where workmen's compensation prevails. The average medical award in 10,000 is between \$7.50 and \$8 or one-third of the total award. The injured workman pays none of it. The sum comes out of the state insurance fund.

Mrs. Pankhurst will find sentiment in this country against window smashing, but she might go out with the other kids Halloween and remove some gates and window blinds.

On Second Thought

A confidence operator gets his "big money" from the wise men and his small change from the fools.

Talk to any woman confidentially and she will tell you she has saved combings enough to make a switch.

A town dog is supported in idleness, but a country dog is expected to work his passage.

In addition to supporting his family, it is also demanded of a father that he save enough money to set his sons-in-law up in business.

Do not lament the fate that detained you in the little old town. A cage is the best place for a canary.

Eph. Wiley says the worst objection to the job of porter in a Pullman car is that the work brings the man who holds it in continual contact with the passengers.

There is nothing in the old saw concerning the man who whistled, while passing a graveyard, to keep his courage up. The man who is forced to pass a grave yard does so as quickly and as quietly as possible.

Next to the one in railway folders, the native Californian paints the most beautiful picture of Heaven.

The rule is that the man who really loves the Lord doesn't pretend to be very intimate with Him.

Every prominent family has worthless relatives which it desires to conceal.

For a couple of days after they are married a wife believes her husband to be "the grandest man in the world."

A woman might as well propose. Her husband will claim she did.

The best pictures of heaven are those painted by the railway folders, and those by native Californians. The next best are those that appear in the literature of recruiting stations for the army.

ASSESSOR AND LAND APPRAISERS NOT ON BALLOTS

Candidates for assessors and land appraisers, nominated at the primaries or later by petition, will not find their names on the ballots at the November election according to a ruling of the Ohio Supreme court which has been received by Michael Sachs, clerk to the board of deputy state supervisors of elections.

Mr. Sachs was instructed not to place the names of these candidates on the ballots. According to the new law, these offices will in the future be appointive. There will be three state tax commissioners who will appoint their deputies for each county, two in the larger counties and one for the smaller counties. Licking county will have one deputy tax commissioner who will appoint the assessor-appraisers for each township. There will be but one man appointed in each township and he will do the work of the assessors and appraisers too.

Voters who seek to cast a ballot for their friends who were nominated for appraisers or assessors will find the name missing.

7,000 MARK IS PASSED IN THE REGISTRATION

Two hundred and fifty-three Newark women, interested in the election of members of the board of education registered at the various voting places in Newark during the four days set aside this fall for registration. It was an average of about 10 to the precinct. Out of the total number, two wards, the fifth and sixth, furnished far more than half or 153. This is the heaviest registration of women since the right of suffrage to the extent of a school board election, was extended to them. It is believed that nearly all of those who registered will vote.

The registration period for the 1913 election, closed Saturday night at 9 o'clock and it is believed that fully 500 to 600 names were added to the books, though no accurate record was kept by the election board as each precinct turned in its books.

Clerk Michael Sachs estimated that the new registrations this fall would average 20 or more to the precinct. With the 6586 registered last fall, the total amount is now above 7000, the actual figures being unavailable. The registration previous to 1912 was 7003.

Instructions were given to the registrars to report for duty the afternoon before election to receive transfers and registration orders issued by the board. The hours will be from 2:30 to 5:30 o'clock.

The registration of women by precinct is as follows:

First Ward.	
Precinct A	7
Precinct B	4
Precinct C	18
Precinct D	6
Precinct E	6
Second Ward.	
Precinct A	none
Precinct B	7
Precinct C	none
Precinct D	19
Third Ward.	
Precinct A	8
Precinct B	6
Precinct C	5
Precinct D	2
Fourth Ward.	
Precinct A	none
Precinct B	24
Precinct C	6
Precinct D	8
Precinct E	7
Fifth Ward.	
Precinct A	16
Precinct B	16
Precinct C	9
Precinct D	17
Precinct E	22
Precinct F	27
Precinct G	11
Sixth Ward.	
Precinct A	12
Precinct B	5
Precinct C	22
Precinct D	22

Dark brown to black is the prevailing hue on the heads of great men, says London Tid Bits.

Specialize In Our Schools and We Will Turn Out Better Men

By Dr. G. STANLEY HALL, President of Clark University, Worcester, Mass.

THERE are two kinds of education—moral education and industrial training.

In the present age industrial systems dominate the world. In the old days it was general culture that comprised the chief courses. Then we reverted to the manual training high school. That has done a lot, but is rapidly passing away.

In the east there is a school of this kind, the name of which I shall not mention, and from a canvass of the students only eight per cent were found to be FITTED FOR THE WORK THEY HAD TAKEN UP AFTER LEAVING THE INSTITUTION.

A boy has the RIGHT TO TRAIN TO BE SELF SUPPORTING. The first bit of money the boy makes is like a taste of blood to a tiger. This first act brightens him and arouses his activities.

THE QUESTION OF INDUSTRY IS A TREMENDOUS ONE. ITS MAIN PURPOSE IS TO GET EVERY BOY IN A POSITION WHERE HE IS BEST FITTED TO DO HIS BEST WORK.

All that is education in a man or a woman is something that is individual, and it is that individual we must educate.

If we take up SPECIALIZATION IN OUR SCHOOLS WE WILL TURN OUT BETTER MEN AND BETTER CITIZENS, for this kind of learning leads to lasting success.

JESSE W. HURSEY NOW IN CHARGE OF AUDITORS OFFICE

County Auditor Jesse W. Hursey assumed office as successor to C. L. Riley Monday morning, with his newly appointed deputies, Joseph Benz and C. M. Thompson. He also announced the appointment of S. L. Vermilion, formerly of Franklin township, as county sealer of weights and measures, to succeed R. E. McGonigle.

Mr. Vermilion was appointed over a number of other applicants, and is eminently fitted to carry out the duties of the office.

Auditor Hursey and his assistants spent their first day familiarizing



JESSE W. HURSEY.

themselves with their new duties, under the coaching of the retiring auditor.

Mr. Hursey was elected last November 5 with a comfortable majority over his opponent, a Republican candidate. His election was largely conceded to be a recognition of his faithful service to the people of the county in the past, two terms as clerk of the courts and six years as a deputy in that office. In outlining his policy the new auditor said to the Advocate Monday:

"I want to take another opportunity to thank the voters of Licking county who elected me, and to assure them that I will fulfill the duties of the office to the very best of my ability. My chief endeavor shall be to conserve the funds of the county in every respect possible in keeping with an efficient administration, such as I endeavored to give in past service to the people."

Many court house visitors called Monday to extend congratulations to the new official.

The retiring auditor, C. L. Riley, was given an illustration of the esteem in which he was held by fellow officials and courthouse associates, late Saturday, when he was presented with a magnificent leather rocking chair and footstool, and a handsome gold handled silk umbrella. The presentation speech was made by Deputy Treasurer W. H. Miles, and in appropriate remarks, the retiring official expressed his appreciation of the gifts.

Former Auditor Riley declared that in leaving the office he believed that his originally announced policy with respect to the tax rate had been carried out, with the result that, by listing all property for its full valuation, while in a few instances the rate had been increased, in the majority of cases—approximately nine out of ten—the rate of taxation had been reduced.

WOULD NOT COMMENT.

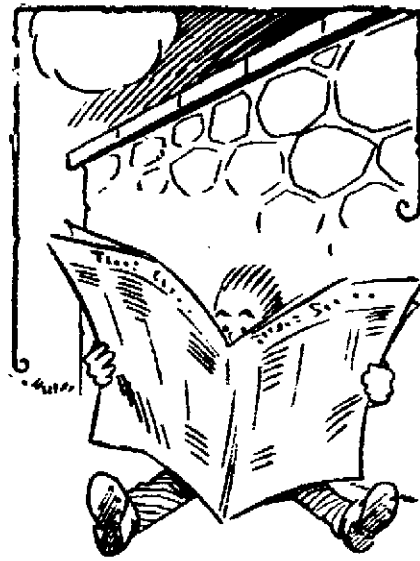
ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM.—Washington, Oct. 29.—Secretary Bryan an early caller at the White House this morning, when asked whether he would comment on the letter of resignation of Henry Lane Wilson, former ambassador to Mexico, said: "I do not care to discuss and do not intend to."

At the beginning of this year the Norwegian merchant marine included 100 registered vessels, of which 100 were Swedish.

—AND THE WORST IS YET TO COME



WHAT IS IT?



Found in a room.

Answer to Saturday's puzzle—Plane.

TO DARKEN HAIR APPLY SAGE TEA

A few applications of Sage Tea and Sulphur brings back its vigor, color, gloss and thickness.

Common garden sage brewed into a heavy tea with sulphur and alcohol added, will turn gray, streaked and faded hair beautifully dark and luxuriant, remove every bit of dandruff, stop scalp itching and falling hair. Just a few applications will prove a revelation if your hair is fading, gray or dry, scraggly and thin. Mixing the Sage Tea and Sulphur recipe at home, though, is troublesome. An easier way is to get the ready-to-use tonic, costing about 50 cents a large bottle at drug stores, known as "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy," thus avoiding a lot of fuss.

While wispy, gray, faded hair is not sinful, we all desire to retain our youthful appearance and attractiveness. By darkening your hair with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur, no one can tell, because it does it so naturally, so evenly. You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning all gray hairs have disappeared, and, after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully dark, glossy, soft and luxuriant. Agents Hall's Drug Store.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET

For Mayor.
F. M. SWARTZ.
For President of Council.
HARRY ROSSEL.
For Auditor.
WILLIAM F. WULFHOOPE.
For Treasurer.
ALONZO P. TAYLOR.
For Solicitor.
RODERICK JONES.
For Councilmen-at-Large.
JULIUS JUCH.
JOSEPH H. STASEL.
J. E. RODGERS.
Ward Councilmen.
First Ward.
JAMES DENNISON.
Second Ward.
J. W. HOENBERGER.
Third Ward.
PHILIP BAKER.
Fourth Ward.
FRANK MUENZ.
Fifth Ward.
E. H. FRANKLIN.
Sixth Ward.
P. W. FAUST.
Assessors of Real Property.
JAMES REDMAN.
W. A. FLEMING.
WILLIAM SHAMP.
GEORGE FROMHOLTZ.
PETER BRUBAKER.
Assessor of Personal Property.
First Ward (three tied.)
R. H. HARRISON.
PERRY WINTERS.
DAVID ALLEN.
Second Ward.
ADAM BONER.
Third Ward.
DAVID EVANS.
Fourth Ward.
EMANUEL BLOUNT.
Fifth Ward.
(No nominee.)
Sixth Ward.
DENNIS C. BROWN.
School Board.
W. E. MILLER.
ED. KIBLER, SR.

ANNOUNCEMENTS OF CANDIDATES

Justice of Peace.
W. F. HOLTON.
WM. M. GLENN.
J. F. LINGAFELTER.
Township Trustee.
D. E. GORMLEY.
EVAN JONES.
TAC MOSSMAN, 2d term.
Township Treasurer.
REES R. JONES.

(Advertisement)
An Oregon farmer has discovered that he can raise larger onions on rich soil by using Oregon's new plant to check the flow of sap to the tops.

The HOME Building Association Co. NEWARK, OHIO.

IN STRICT CONFIDENCE

When you deposit your savings in this Association all of your transactions here, the amount of your balance and even the fact that you have an account here at all, is held in strict confidence. This is an investment that does not go on any public record and need be known to no one but yourself.



For Many Reasons

this is an important point and well worth your consideration when deciding how to invest.

INDIGESTION, GAS OR BAD STOMACH

Each "Pape's Diapiesin" digests 3000 grains food, causing no injury in five minutes.

Do some foods you eat hit back—taste good, but work badly; ferment into stubborn lumps and cause a sick, sour, gassy stomach? Now, Mr. or Mrs. Diapiesin, just this down: Pape's Diapiesin digests everything, leaves nothing to sour and upset you. There never was anything so safely, quickly, so certainly effective. No difference how badly your stomach is disordered you will get happy relief in five minutes, but what pleases you most is that it strengthens and regulates your stomach so you can eat your favorite foods without fear.

Most remedies give you relief sometimes—they are slow, but not sure. "Pape's Diapiesin" is quick, positive and puts your stomach in a healthy condition so the misery won't come back.

You feel different as soon as "Pape's Diapiesin" comes in contact with the stomach—distress just vanishes—your stomach gets sweet, no gases, no belching, no eructations of undigested food, your head clears and you feel fine.

Go now, make the best investment you ever made, by getting a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapiesin from any drug store. You realize in five minutes how needless it is to suffer from indigestion, dyspepsia or any stomach disorder.

The Human Procession

London—meaning the world's metropolis, not London, Ont., Ohio, or Texas—will have a new Lord Mayor next month. He is Sir Thomas Vansittart Bowater, and he will celebrate his fifty-first birthday today. Sir Thomas was born on October 20, 1862, in Manchester, and is the first native of Lancashire to attain the high office to which he has just been elected. He is "in trade" as the head of an important firm of paper dealers, and is described as one of the most popular business men in "the city."

The new Lord Mayor has had some distinguished ancestors. One of them was Edward Bowater, who fought at Trafalgar, and later became admiral of the white fleet, and another was General Sir Edward Bowater, who was wounded at Waterloo. Sir Thomas—his name was knighted in 1906—went to London as a young man, and his business acumen has made him immensely wealthy. Without money in large quantities, and the willingness to spend it, he could never have been elected Lord Mayor, for the chief duty of that official is to preside in gorgeous robes at banquets paid for by himself. Sir Thomas will receive a salary of \$30,000 for his year as lord mayor, but that trifling sum will not begin to cover expenses. His rule will extend only over the one square mile of the corporation of London, the business center known as "the city," which has a resident population of only about 25,000, although a million or more people spend the working day within its limits. Theoretically, the Lord Mayor is supreme over this limited territory, and even the King must ask permission to enter the city gates. Of course, there are no gates, but London was once a walled town with gates, and the old fiction is retained.

Sir Thomas became a common councilman fourteen years ago, and was elected sheriff of the city in 1905. He is a knight of Norwegian and Greek orders. He is noted for his benefactions, and is also a patron of arts and letters.

IMPORTANT RATE CASE

(Associated Press Telegram)
Washington, Oct. 20.—The interstate commerce commission today ordered that for two years the railroad rates on imports westbound from New York and Boston shall be the same. So ends the celebrated import rate case in which the two cities fought for advantage.

"MARRYING PARSON" DEAD.

(Associated Press Telegram)
Columbus, Oct. 20.—Rev. Samuel K. King, the "marrying parson" of Columbus, died early today. Death was due to neuritis.

FOOTBALL VICTIM DEAD.

(Associated Press Telegram)
Kankakee, Ill., Oct. 20.—A. J. Kramer, 21 years old, died early today as a result of injuries received in a football game yesterday between Grank Park and Kankakee Athletics.

Sore Throat Prudence.

No family medicine chest is well stocked without a bottle of TONSILINE, for you don't know what moment it may be needed to relieve a sudden case of Sore Throat. Relieving Sore Throat is TONSILINE's special mission. It is made for that—advised for that—sold for that purpose. TONSILINE is the one and only Sore Throat Remedy which is sold over a large part of the United States. You'll need TONSILINE one of these days, or some night when the drug store is closed—better have a bottle ready at home when you need it most. 25c. and 50c. Hospital Size \$1.00. All Drugstores.

Society

The Mystic club was very pleasantly entertained Thursday afternoon by Mrs. De Walt at her home in Tuckersville street. The afternoon was spent in sewing and social conversations, also the presenting of a spoon to Baby Carl Ryan.

At four o'clock a dainty luncheon was served. A Halloween party was planned to be held at the country home of Mrs. Helen Huffman, near Granville, October 31.

The next meeting will be with Mrs. C. Helm on Allen street, October 30.

Mrs. Robert F. Kilpatrick, delightfully entertained the members of the Research club at her home in North Fifth street on Saturday afternoon. The following interesting program was given from the calendar:

Roll call. Anecdotes of Great Singers—Miss Van Horn.
Stories of the Opera—Miss Van Horn and Miss Bower.
Critique—Mrs. Taylor.

A delicious dinner was served the members and a number of guests.

The Photosean club members had for hostess on Saturday afternoon Miss Grace Davis who entertained at her home in North Gay street. The program, selected from the calendar, follows:

Roll call.
Science—May Swartz.
Education—Ada Simms.
Peace and Arbitration—Maude Mackay.

Current Events, Mayme Cagney.
Critique—Alice McMahon.

The only guest of the club was Mrs. Lawyer Miss Grace Davis was elected a delegate to the state convention of the State Federation of Women's club which is to be held in Chillicothe.

Mrs. Ed Nutter of North street will entertain the Ladies Diversion club on Wednesday afternoon.

The Miscellaneous Needle Workers will meet Tuesday afternoon at 2:00 o'clock with Mrs. Charles Wyant, in West Main street.

Mrs. James V. Gallagher and daughter, Miss Susie, and Mr. Harry Shields leave tomorrow morning for Cleveland to attend the wedding of William J. Shields and Miss Wilda Marshall of Wilkesburg, Pa.

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Soda crackers are more nutritive than any other flour food. Uneeda Biscuit are the perfect soda crackers.

Though the cost is but five cents, Uneeda Biscuit are too good, too nourishing, too crisp, to be bought merely as an economy.

Buy them because of their freshness—because of their crispness—because of their goodness—because of their nourishment.

Always 5 cents. Always fresh, crisp and clean.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

DEDICATION OF KELLER SCHOOL FRIDAY EVENING

On next Friday evening the dedication of the new Keller school building will take place. The fact that a city is dedicating three new schools in one month is so unusual that it has attracted the attention of not only local people but of educators throughout the whole state.

Those who attended the exercises at the Hartzer and Mound schools, know what a delightful evening they spent. The dedicatory speeches were exceptionally good, but next Friday evening Hon. W. A. McCurdy of the State School Commissioner's office, will be the chief speaker, and an excellent address is in store for all who are present. The following is the program in full:

Hon. Edward Kibler, president of the Board of Education, presiding.
Music, "America"—Pupils and Audience.
Invocation—Rev. W. H. Baker.

Greetings—President and Members Board of Education.
Response—C. L. Riley, on behalf of North End Citizens.
Presentation of American Flag—Daughters of America.

Chorus, "Our Flag"—Pupils.
Financial Statement—S. W. Haight.
Dedicatory Address—Hon. W. A. McCurdy, State School Commissioner's office, Columbus, O.

Prayer and Benediction—Rev. Calvin G. Hazlett.
Inspection of building from 7 to 8 o'clock.
Music by the High School orchestra, under the supervision of Prof. C. W. Klopp.

CROW IS SAID TO BE FRIEND OF FARMERS

(Associated Press Telegram)
Washington, Oct. 20.—"Be kind to the crow is the injunction issued today to city and country dwellers alike by the department of agriculture. The crow has been found as the result of first hand study by experts of the biological survey to be a friend of the farmer and a champion of the corn crop. There, though black by birth, the crow has been given a tiny white certificate of character by the government scientists.

"After a careful study of the habits and the examination of a large number of stomachs," it is declared, "the department experts have reached the conclusion that the crow consumes enough grasshoppers, cutworms, white grubs and other injurious insects to make him highly valuable to farmers. There is, however, one bad habit which the crow has, and that is the destruction of young birds and bird eggs, but this trait is outweighed by the good of the bird, which it is doing for the farmer in the destruction of worms and insects.

The biological experts claimed that in pursuing the inquiry into the personal habits of the crow, and several still are feeling the effects of a long home spent in damp cellars, while observing the wary bird engaged at his meals. But they are content now that the crow is vindicated.

A modern beet sugar factory is being built in Harbin, Manchuria, at a cost of \$25,000.

Funeral of E. M. Lindsay.
The funeral of E. M. Lindsay took place in his late home, 277 North Fourth street, Sunday afternoon at 2:00 o'clock. Rev. W. D. Ward officiating in the service. Interment was made in Cedar Hill cemetery. Floral offerings were profuse, and the service was largely attended.

Funeral of A. G. McLain.
Monday afternoon at 1:00 o'clock funeral services were held in the Alexandria M. E. church, over the body of Almond G. McLain, the Johnston man who was fatally injured here Friday afternoon when he was struck by the swinging end of an Ohio Electric interurban car at Main and Third streets. The service was conducted by Rev. Mr. Martin, McLain's pastor, and the church was crowded with friends of the deceased from all over the community.

Last year 144 tree-planting societies planted 2,378,000 trees in Norway.

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Obituary

George C. Kidd, a well known West Newark resident, died early Sunday morning in the City hospital, where he had been taken Saturday for treatment. Funeral services will be held in the home in Riley street Monday night at 7 o'clock. Interment will be made in Frazeyburg.

The deceased was married to Anna Buchanan in Frazeyburg, Dec. 27, 1903. He leaves the widow and three sisters, Mrs. Rosa Kanmavel, Frazeyburg; Mrs. Clara Morgan, of near Zanesville, and Mrs. Sarah Gibbs of near Trinway.

Mrs. Abraham Kidwell.
Mrs. Emma Kidwell, wife of Abraham Kidwell of Jacksonville, died Saturday night at 10:30 o'clock after a long illness with heart disease, in the home of her son, J. H. Griffith, on Second street hill.

She was 60 years of age, having been born in this county in 1853. In 1872 she was married to David L. Griffith, who died in 1903. Four sons and one daughter were born, one son, Orville, dying infancy. She was married again, in 1909, to Abraham Kidwell. Surviving are J. H. Griffith, Newark; Murry, of Linnville road; Oliver, living in Colorado, and Mrs. Anna Wince of Jacksonville.

Funeral services will be held in the Jacksonville church at 1:30 Tuesday afternoon; interment in the Jacksonville cemetery.

Evans R. Evans.
Evans R. Evans, one of the best known carpenters affiliated with the craft in this county, died in his home, 19 Cedar street, at 5:00 o'clock Saturday night, after a long illness due to a complication of serious disorders. The funeral service will be held Tuesday afternoon at 2:00 o'clock in the home, Rev. Mr. Laughlin officiating, and interment will be made in Cedar Hill cemetery.

Mr. Evans was born in Montgomeryshire, Wales, March 27, 1844, being 69 years, 8 months and 18 days of age at the time of death. He was married to Elizabeth Ann James in 1870. The widow and one son, Edward R. Evans of Cincinnati, survive. Another son met death in 1903. There also survive, one grandson, Lyle Evans of Newark, a sister, Mrs. Henry C. Biddle of Columbus, and two brothers, Ed. S. and Richard T. Evans, of Vaughnsville, Putnam county, Ohio.

Mr. Evans was a member of Camp 78, P. V. L. Wells Post, G. A. R., and Ex-Prisoners of War. He enlisted in Co. A, 95 O. V. I. at Columbus for three years' service. He was captured at Guntown, Miss., and at Richmond, Ky., and in all served 11 months and 10 days in Andersonville prison.

John Swan, a civil war veteran, aged 79 years, died Saturday night at 7 o'clock in the home of his sister-in-law, Mrs. William Swan, in Hanover. Death came suddenly and quite unexpectedly.

The deceased was a member of Co. E, Twelfth regiment, O. V. I., during the civil war.

Funeral services were held Monday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock in the Hanover M. E. church. Rev. Mr. Laughlin officiating. Interment was in the Hanover cemetery.

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Personal

H. H. Kennedy of Zanesville was a visitor in Newark on Sunday.

Mrs. F. M. Howard of Clinton street left today for Cleveland.

H. M. Foulk of Mansfield is a business visitor in Newark today.

C. L. Walton of Wheeling, W. Va., was a visitor in Newark over Sunday.

Mr. S. A. Waddell of Ellis, O., was the guest of Newark friends on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Strong of Sandusky are registered at the Sherwood Hotel.

Mrs. L. N. Bradley and daughter Helen were visitors in Columbus, Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Putnam of Granville are spending the day in Newark.

Walter Sperry of the Gleichauf store was in Utica Sunday visiting at his home.

Mr. and Mrs. Q. Martindale of Buckingham street spent Saturday and Sunday in Johnston.

Charles Smith of the Newark Lumber company was in Mt. Vernon Sunday visiting his mother.

Mrs. Carry Armentrout and Miss Lucy Downey visited Saturday and Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Reynard of Utica.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Riley of Centerville are visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Watson of the court house.

Mr. J. M. Scott of Louisville, Ky., who has been visiting his daughter, Miss Elizabeth Scott, has returned to his home.

Miss Nellie Frenier, who is employed in a millinery house in Columbus, spent Sunday at her home in St. Clair street.

Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Roley of Hudson avenue spent Sunday with their daughter, Mrs. Franks Brooks, north of Granville.

Mrs. Thomas M. Finney and children of Kansas City, Kansas, are the guests of Mrs. William F. Graef of Clinton street.

Mrs. Nora T. Baker was in Gambier over Sunday, visiting her daughter, Miss Adella Baker, who is attending Harcourt Seminary.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Mackenzie have returned to their home at Stamford, Conn., after a pleasant visit with Mrs. C. V. Keller in Granville street.

Mrs. P. D. McConoughey left Monday for Mississippi where she will be the guest of friends. She was accompanied to Cincinnati by her father, H. C. Alsopach and sister Miss Irma Alsopach.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Unterzuber and Mr. and Mrs. Bert Essig of Cleveland, have returned home after visiting Mr. and Mrs. August Schaller and spending a week at their cottage at Bukeye Lake.

Mrs. Anna Wensel, formerly Anna Rigger of 115 Granville street, left Monday for New York City, where she will be at home in the future at the Marlborough-Blenheim hotel in Herald Square.

Mr. and Mrs. William Manuel and children returned to their home in Grand Rapids, Mich., on Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Manuel have been attending a convention in the south and returned to Newark, to spend Sunday with Mrs. Manuel's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Kates. They were accompanied home by their daughters, Dorothy and Mary Virginia, who have been staying at the Kates' home.

RELIEF FROM CONSTIPATION
It's Me For Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets.
That is the joyful cry of thousands since Dr. Edwards' produced Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel.

One-Price To All

It is one of SCHIFF'S fixed policies that no customer must be granted price concessions or other special trade favors that it denies to others. Such favoritism would be as unbusinesslike as it is unjust because it is in direct contradiction to the very foundation of our store's development and hope of permanency—the respect and confidence of our patrons.

NO ONE CAN BUY MERCHANDISE AT SCHIFF'S

FOR LESS THAN YOU PAY.

New Coats, New Suits, New Dresses
For Critical Women

Let us reduce the whole Ready-to-Wear apparel question to few words

Schiff's Show Correct Styles Only

Correctly Tailored by the Best Makers Only

This Ready-to-Wear Apparel for Women, Misses and Children, Schiff's sell at a saving to you of

25% to 35%

Furthermore, we give you better service. The term "dependable" is much misused, but applied to SCHIFF'S Store, is thoroughly in place. At Schiff's you may expect STYLE, DEPENDABILITY, SAVING

Come and get acquainted with this Progressive Store.
It will mean so much to you

SCHIFF'S
East Side Square--The Dependable Store

THE FORWARD-LOOKING WOMAN

versus
THE FIRESIDE WOMAN

By Barbara Boyd

Making Better Times

"I have just been reading about child-labor in some of the States," exclaimed the Fireside Woman. "Isn't it dreadful?"

"Do you think so?" replied the Forward-looking Woman. "I didn't suppose you cared about it."

"The idea! I think it is perfectly awful the way those little children work."

"Yes it is. But seeing that you have no children, and that if you had, you probably would not allow them to work, at least, not until they were grown, I didn't suppose you would give any thought to the child-labor question."

"I hope I have some sympathy," retorted the Fireside Woman, "even though the matter may not be one to touch me personally."

"Perhaps you have," admitted the Forward-looking Woman. "But lots of people in your situation give no thought to the subject. And as you do not to other matters of the same kind, I didn't suppose you would be this."

"I am not a heathen," rejoined the Fireside Woman tartly. "Do you suppose anything will be done about it?"

The Forward-looking Woman's eyes had a mocking gleam. "That is hard to tell," she remarked. "I suppose that you think that the Something-That-Ought-To-Be-Done, all clothed and battled and bearing proper credentials, will come walking down the road to the factories, knock at the door, demand admittance, and proceed to straighten things out. But things do not happen that way."

"How do they happen?" asked the Fireside Woman.

"The Something-That-Ought-To-Be-Done never appears as a rule from the bosom of the times, panoplied and ready for the fray, a la Minerva from the head of Jove. Usually each and every one of us has to take a hand in its creation. You know what Benjamin Franklin says about the subject, don't you?"

"No, I can't say I do," replied the Fireside Woman.

"He says, 'So what signifies wishing and hoping for better times? We will make these times better if we will bestir ourselves.' So I am glad to see that you feel indignant. Perhaps it will lead to your bestirring yourself."

"But what can I do?"

"Do you suppose that if every woman in this country had a vote, that child-labor as it exists today would continue very long?"

"Oh, votes," sniffed the Fireside Woman indifferently. "I don't see how they'll help."

"That's the trouble. You'll be terribly indignant and sympathetic, and maybe send some money to provide a playground for the youngsters, though the poor kids are too tired to play. But you won't get down to fundamental things that would provide a fundamental remedy. And as with this, so with many other things that need bettering. Surface saviors only alleviate temporarily. If we want better times, we must, as Benjamin Franklin says, bestir ourselves, and bestir ourselves in a way to kill the root of the bad times. And in that you should take a hand, not merely pour out a lot of sympathy and indignation that trickles away and leaves things just as they were before."

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Sacrifices Are Not Required By God

Offerings Under Jewish Law and Their Antitypes.

THE DOCTRINES OF JESUS.

Pastor Russell's Preaching—Why Not "Fashionable"—Why It Is Doctrinal. Eating God's Word—Unrequited and Undesirable Sacrifices—Acceptable Sacrifices—The Rewards of Accepted Sacrifices—The Better Sacrifices.



Washington, D. C., Oct. 19.—We report one of Pastor Russell's discourses from the text, "Sacrifice and offering and burnt offerings and offering for sin: Thou wouldst not, neither hadst pleasure therein: which are offered by the Law."—Hebrews 10:8.

Before discussing his text, the Pastor answered the queries of some who ask why he does not preach "fashionable" sermons, and give his audiences a digest of his readings in the leading magazines, or some dissertation on scientific progress, public parks, better housing for the poor, etc. His answer is that this field is already over-filled with laborers; and besides that he has a different commission, which reads, "The Spirit of the Lord God is upon me; because He hath anointed me to preach the good tidings to the meek; He hath sent me to bind up the broken-hearted."—Isaiah 61:1.

Others, again, ask the Pastor why he does not preach more against intemperance, the social evil, etc.—occasionally smashing chairs for emphasis. His reply is that the Master, and the Apostles set the standard which he believes should be followed. Their preaching was neither rant nor cant. St. Paul emphasized this in writing to Timothy, saying, "Preach the Word." St. Peter emphasized it when he said, "Show forth the praises of Him who hath called us out of darkness into His marvelous light." Jesus intimated this when He said, "Feed My sheep," and again, "Search the Scriptures—they testify of Me."

The Pastor declared that he preaches doctrinal sermons, because he follows the example of Jesus and the Apostles, not considering himself wise enough to improve upon their methods and example. Jesus' preaching was doctrinal, though along the simplest lines, because none of His hearers had been begotten of the Holy Spirit. The Apostolic Epistles to spirit-begotten Christians set forth holy doctrines.

The Divine thought is expressed by the Apostle that beginners in the Christian way, as new-born babes, should desire the sincere milk of the Word that they might grow thereby, while advanced Christians should feed upon the strong meat. "Thy words were found and I did eat them" is the Lord's way of representing the growth in grace and knowledge of those who are begotten of the Holy Spirit as New Creatures.

How very few Christians today understand the very simplest doctrines Divine! How few could explain justification by faith versus justification by

works! How few could explain the Bible doctrine of sanctification! How few know anything about the hope of the "resurrection of the dead," or any other Bible doctrine! Truly the Bible declares of our day, "My people perish for lack of knowledge"; and again, "I will send a famine in the land, saith the Lord God—not a famine of bread, nor a thirst for water, but of hearing the Word of the Lord."—Hosea 4:6; Amos 8:11.

Unrequited and Undesirable Sacrifices. God never requires sacrifices. As our Creator, He has a right to make such demands of us as He will, and we would be obligated to obey. But such obedience could not be properly termed sacrifice. The word sacrifice signifies that which is voluntarily offered to God outside of any Divine requirement.

The sacrifices and offerings of the Jewish Law were privileges. By the offer of bullocks and goats the transgressions of the Israelites were covered year by year in advance, and thus they were permitted to have a continued standing with God. But our text tells us that the sacrifices were not wholly satisfactory to the Lord. They were merely typical of "better sacrifices," and were acceptable only as types.

St. Paul is quoting from the fortieth Psalm (V. 6-8). Through the Prophet David the Lord declared that the sacrifices of the Law, which could never really cancel sin, were not fully to His pleasure. Christ is here represented as taking note of the fact that the typical sacrifices of the Law could never take away sin, but that His own body had been especially provided as a sin-offering. He had humbled Himself to take the human nature. The object of all this was to provide the better sacrifice necessary for the redemption of Adam and his race.

Further, we read of the Master's consecration, when He was thirty years of age. His sacrificial sentiments are expressed in the words, "Then said I, Lo, I come to do Thy will, O God, as in the volume of the Book it is written of Me." Everything that the Father had caused to be written, in the Law and the Prophets, respecting the penalty of sin and the bearing of that penalty by a Savior and sin-bearer, Jesus pledged Himself to carry out.

"Better Sacrifices"—Plural. We should not overlook the fact that the typical Atonement Day sacrifices were plural, and that the Apostle speaks of the antitypes in the plural—"better sacrifices" than those offered under the Law. Here we find again the lesson elsewhere set forth; namely, that it had been from the beginning the Divine purpose that our Lord and Redeemer should have followers, members, who would pass through similar experiences to His own, of suffering, trial, dying, and afterward be associated with Him in glory on the Heavenly plane. His joint-heirs in the Messianic Kingdom.

In harmony with this thought, Jesus is the High Priest of our order, or profession, and we are the under-priesthood now preparing, as He prepared, for the glorious work of the Age to come. Hence St. Peter styles these a Royal Priesthood, because of the combination of singly power with priestly service. These are merely preparations for the grand work of Messiah during His Millennial Reign of righteousness for human uplift.

Holy and Acceptable Sacrifices. Divine Law, having sentenced Adam to death, and indirectly including his

race, nevertheless purposed a deliverance through a Savior. Neither Moses nor any other fallen man could make a real atonement for sin. Israel's Atonement Day sacrifices were merely forebodings, or types. God could not accept the death of a bullock, of a goat, or both, as an offset to the penalty against Adam and his race. Such sacrifices were not acceptable.

The Law read, "An eye for an eye, a tooth for a tooth, a man's life for a man's life." Hence a bullock and a goat could never be acceptable to God as a substitutionary sacrifice for Adam and those involved with him. But God prepared Jesus with such a body as would be acceptable; and He "offered up Himself" as acceptable sacrifice. The Divine acceptance of it was signified doubly:

(1) At the time of His consecration at Jordan, by the the impartation of the Holy Spirit; and

(2) By the resurrection of Jesus, born of the Spirit, as a completion of His acceptance to the Divine nature, glory and immortality.

Our Lord's was the acceptable sacrifice, yet it was not all that God had foreordained, or typed. As there was an offering of a bullock, typifying the death of Jesus, so there was a subsequent offering of a goat, typifying the sacrifice of the Church. (Hebrews 13:11-13.) Christ's sacrifice, the bullock, was fat; the Church's sacrifice, the goat, is lean—fat representing love, loyalty, perfection.

The sacrifice of Jesus, the High Priest, continued during the three and a half years of His ministry, and ended with His death. Forty days after His resurrection He ascended on High, with still further dignity and honor added—the Divine nature. He then made application of the merit of His sacrifice on behalf of all who desire to become members of the Royal Priesthood.

Those in the upper room at Pentecost were the first to be begotten of the Holy Spirit and to become acceptable sacrifices. Since then, others have been received from every nation. Gradually the foreordained number of such sacrificers, or priests, has been reaching completion. We believe that the sacrifices will soon be consummated, and that very shortly the Body of Christ beyond the veil will be completed. Forthwith the Messianic Kingdom will be established for the blessing of the world.

The Divine plan for the world is the reverse of the plan for the Church. Christ and the Church sacrificed the human nature in their loyal devotion to God. Their great reward is the Heavenly nature and the Kingdom. The world will have no opportunity for sacrificing the flesh, but every opportunity for perfecting their flesh.

"Present Your Bodies." The Apostle's words, "I beseech you, brethren, by the mercies of God, that ye present your bodies a living sacrifice," do not mean that God urges us to sacrifice, but that the Apostle, discerning the opportunity to become followers of Jesus and thus to become joint-heirs with Him in His Kingdom, urges fellow-disciples to appreciate the wonderful privilege of self-sacrifice in God's service.

Other Scriptures show us that our acceptance as sacrificers is not on our own account, but through the merit of the Captain of our salvation. In the Ransom-price for the sin of the whole world, the sins of the Church were necessarily included; for they are by nature a part of the world. But instead of receiving their share of Christ's merit in Restitution with the remainder of the world during the Millennium, a special dispensation operates on their behalf, permitting their share of the coming blessings to be imparted to them instead of being actually given them.

This imputation is made only to such as profess a desire to walk in the footsteps of Jesus and to sacrifice earthly interests, and life itself, for the Heavenly. The imputation covers all their deficiencies, and permits them to be accepted as members of the Body of Christ for sacrifice, and also to be counted in as members of the New Creation, the spiritual Body of Christ. And for such as faithfully live up to their Covenant of Sacrifice, the Divine provision is glory, honor, immortality and joint-heirship with the Redeemer Himself, whose work will be the uplift of humanity from sin and death, and the destruction of the incorrigible.

Some Sacrifices Are Unacceptable. Few seem to realize that sacrificing is a privilege. We have seen that the sacrifices possible to the best of humanity would be unacceptable, because all are sinners—to a lesser or a greater degree. Hence all who desire now to come unto the Heavenly Father, by the narrow way of sacrifice, must first be justified through the merit of the great High Priest of our profession. Now we notice that some whose sacrifices, presented by our great High Priest, which have been accepted by God, eventually are rejected.

Indeed, this class is described in the Bible as a great multitude, in comparison to the faithful and acceptable sacrificers, who are styled the Little Flock. There is a reason for the rejection of such sacrificers; for there is no partiality with God. The reason is that only those who have the spirit, the zeal, of the Master, the High Priest, are acceptable to God.

The sacrificing of Jesus was done with delight—as we read, "I delight to do Thy will, O God." A half-hearted sacrifice, or sacrificing grudgingly done, would not be pleasing to God. The cold unbeliever is more pleasing in the Lord's sight than the lukewarm believer. As we read, "I would that thou wert cold or hot. So then, because thou art lukewarm, I will spew thee out of My mouth." (Revelation 3:15, 16.) This principle holds in respect to all who make a consecration of themselves to God. If they are consumed with loving zeal in the Lord's service,

then the "fat" offering rises as a sweet odor to the Lord. But a half-hearted service brings neither joy to the sacrificer nor pleasure to the Lord.

Nevertheless, in much mercy the Lord recognizes that these, even while failing to live up to their consecration vow, are not His enemies. They indeed love righteousness and hate iniquity, but not with a sufficiency of zeal to warrant their being accepted as members of the Bride class.

This does not signify eternal torment, or any other terrible future, for these brethren of insufficient zeal. It does mean, according to the Bible, a rejection from being members of the Bride class. The Lord even has a goodly portion for such, if they still love Him, still love the Truth, even though they be bounden by the fear of dying, and thus are held back from full presentation of their bodies daily as holy, living sacrifices in the Master's service.

Before the Throne Instead of In It. Under different pictures the Lord shows us what will be the fate of those who have made the consecration vow, who claim loyalty to Him, and who yet cling to the world and to Babylon. Instead of getting the crown of glory, these are represented as getting a palm of victory. Instead of being counted worthy to escape certain troubles in the end of this Age, these will be obliged to pass through these troubles, and to suffer destruction of their flesh, which they failed to sacrifice.—Revelation 7:14-17.

Again, as the overcomers, the Little Flock, are symbolically styled the Bride, the Lamb's Wife, so those not found worthy of membership in the Bride class will, through great tribulations, be made worthy to be bridesmaids, described as "virgins." The Bride's companions, who will follow her (Psalm 45:14.) They will have a glorious share in the Kingdom work as servants in the Royal Family; but, by their fear to accomplish their sacrifices, they will lose the grand distinction designed only for those who shall be found copies of God's dear Son. Their sacrifices being disesteemed of the Lord, they will be brought to perfection on the spirit plane through the destruction of the flesh.

St. Paul pictures these when describing the end of this Gospel Age. He says that every man's work shall be tried so as by fire; for the Day that cometh shall declare it. He that build-

eth with wood, hay and stubble shall have his work destroyed, but he that buildeth with the gold, silver and precious stones of the Divine promises will receive the great reward. The Apostle proceeds to say that nevertheless all who build upon the Rock, Christ Jesus, shall not be confounded; that, although the fire of that Day (the time of Trouble with which this Age will close) will consume their unsatisfactory faith-structure of wood, hay and stubble, yet they themselves shall be saved so as by fire.—1 Corinthians 3:11-15.

Making Our Election Sure. In view of this Scripture we see a force in the Apostle's exhortation that the followers of Jesus should lay aside every weight and every besetting sin, and run with patience the race set before them. We see that while the whole world is to have a blessing from the Savior by and by—a Restitution blessing—they cannot get it yet. We see that only those who come to Jesus and accept the Divine arrangement of the narrow way of the Gospel Age are begotten of the Holy Spirit. We see that even this is not enough, but that

"A Heavenly race demands our zeal, And an immortal crown." We see that to be a Christian, of the first class, means to be a most earnest and most zealous saint, who, like the Apostle Paul, can say, I count that all things earthly are but loss that I might win Christ—a membership in the Church, which is the Body of Christ. Ah, something very intense indeed is meant by a nomination for the position which God gives to the faithful few! It means the opening of a door of opportunity whereby these may, if they will, make their calling and their election sure to glory, honor and immortality, the Divine nature.—2 Peter 1:4.

A motorcycle headlight that uses a candle and which can be folded and carried in the pocket is a novelty gaining favor in Paris.

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Estate of Barbara Ann Effinger, deceased.
Joshua Kroecker has been duly appointed and qualified as administrator of the estate of Barbara Ann Effinger, late of Licking County, Ohio. Dated this 17th day of October, 1913.
ROBBINS HUNTER, Probate Judge.

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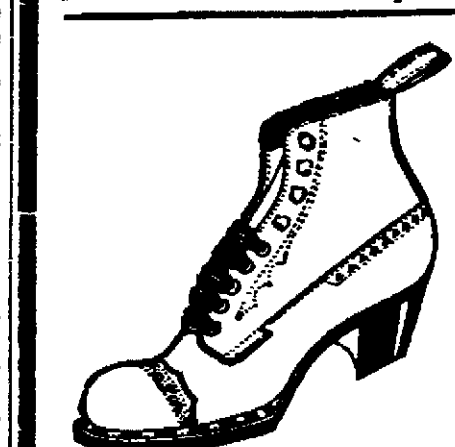
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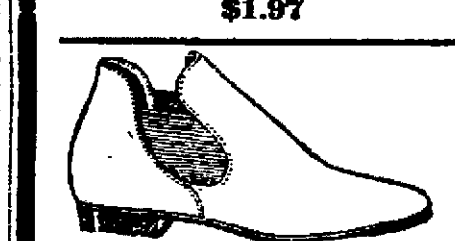
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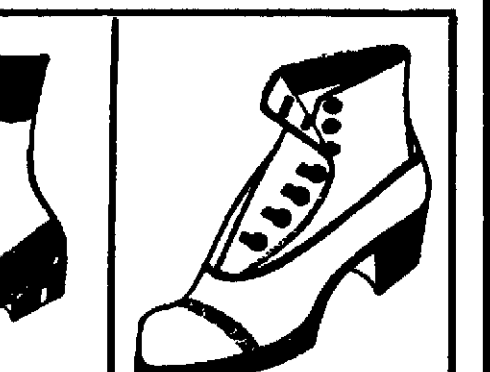
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Is on sale in our pattern department. It is full of good things for the home—Home Making, Home Planning, Home Furnishing, and a line message to American Mothers on Body Training for Children at their homes. In addition to this will be found all the latest pictures of gowns that women covet. Interesting pictures of street dresses—diagrams showing how to cut the new Japanese waist and many suggestions for home entertainments. The Delineator—the foremost fashion magazine of the world—only 15c



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Proposed Subways The Beginning of Elimination of All Grade Crossings

The grade crossing must go. It is a relic of barbarism. The not distant future will wonder why we tolerated the unnecessary slaughter of men, women and children in the way we have. It is morally certain that it cannot withstand the enlightened spirit and opinion of a time such as ours when humanitarian considerations are as important in determining public questions as they are today. We have enough widows and orphans from causes beyond our control to permit the needless and unnecessary killing of human beings by this method. It is an economic waste to permit the death and injuries caused by grade crossings. Besides being inhuman and unthinkable from a humanitarian standpoint, every man, woman and child killed or injured, is an economic loss to the city and community where the same occurs. Every wage earner and every consumer is an asset to a community that it cannot afford to lose. And widows and orphans are a charge on society. Since, therefore, the grade crossing must go it is important for every section of the city to realize that the city is just now entering upon a comprehensive campaign for the elimination of all of the dangerous grade crossings of the city. The project to be voted upon November 4 is but the beginning. The plan contemplates not only the elimination of these six crossings but also the elimination of the dangerous grade crossings of the north, east and west sections of the city. Every voter therefore who believes that grade crossings are a menace to life and safety, whatever the section of town in which he lives, should favor the project to be voted upon November 4, because if this project is carried through and is the success that everything indicates that it will be then it will be possible, as soon as the people want it, to eliminate the grade crossings in the other sections of the city. There is every reason then why the citizens of every section of the city besides the south end should vote for this project.

SCHEDULE OF TEACHERS FOR NIGHT SCHOOL

Tonight in the High school building a public night school, under the auspices of the city board of education will open for the first time. This school is organized on a more extensive scale than any night school that has ever been conducted in this city. Seven teachers and seventeen classes make up the schedule. Over 150 people have registered ranging in ages from sixteen to fifty years. Of this number about fifty are foreigners. There may be some who desire to attend, and who have not registered. In this case they may register tonight. The following is the complete schedule of teachers and classes: First period, 7:00-7:45: Type-writing, Mr. Winters; teacher: writing and spelling, Mr. Bowers; teacher: geometry, Mr. Gingery; teacher: writing and spelling, Mr. Beatty; teacher: shorthand, Mr. Millisor; teacher. Second period, 7:45-8:30: Type-writing, Mr. Winters; reading, 1. Mr. Bowers; reading, 2. Mr. Gingery; class for foreigners, Mr. Beatty; class for foreigners, Mr. Moninger; mechanical drawing, Mr. Painter. Third period, 8:30-9:15: Book-keeping, Mr. Winters; arithmetic, 1. Mr. Bowers; arithmetic, 2. Mr. Gingery; class for foreigners, Mr. Beatty; class for foreigners, Mr. Moninger; mechanical drawing, Mr. Painter.

SEVEN BALLOTS MUST BE COUNTED AT THE ELECTION

Election officials here do not anticipate any great delay in the matter of counting ballots in the city precincts, though there will be seven ballots up for the consideration of each voter. Clerk Michael Sachs of the election board states that there will be but three parties represented on the regular ballot, Democratic, Republican and Independent. The Socialist and Progressive parties will not appear on the tickets. It is the general belief that many voters will not give any consideration to many of the special election ballots presented to him and that the vote on the initiated laws, the constitutional amendments and other propositions. This will lighten the work to a considerable extent.

The precinct clerks will be overworked though, for the name of each voter must be written in a separate poll book for each of the seven ballots. If every voter casts all seven ballots, it means that the name of each voter must be written seven times.

TENTH STREET UNITED BRETHREN SUNDAY SCHOOL

We have been reading some of the success of Newark Sabbath schools and feel that some information from our school will be of interest to Newark and Licking county Sunday school workers.

Our church and school was organized September 1st, 1912; yesterday was rally day, and although there was a constant downpour of rain, we had 125 in the school with an offering of \$28.70, making a total offering of \$61 for the present month, with one Sunday yet to come. The church has a membership of 110, with weekly offerings aside from the Sunday school, of about \$20, sometimes running to over \$30.00.

Our plan is to double the Sunday school and church membership during the conference year.

A very beautiful and interesting rally day program was rendered by the young ladies' and young men's classes last evening, ending with a very pretty sheaf drill.

Next Sunday is "Boosters" day for our church paper, the Telescope, printed in Dayton, O.

A young people's society will soon be organized, and great effort is being devoted to interesting the young women and men.

REV. S. R. SHAW, Pastor. EDWIN M. LARASON, Superintendent Sunday School. Read the Classified Ads daily.

Coming Events

Keller school dedication, Oct. 24. Victor Murdock lectures Oct. 31. Election of mayor and other officials in Newark, Nov. 4.

SQUIRE MARTIN LECTURED SUNDAY TO GOOD AUDIENCE

Although threatening weather prevented attendance of many, a fair sized audience gathered in the High School Auditorium Sunday afternoon and listened to a comprehensive explanation of the doctrine of the second advent of Christ, as taught by the International Bible students. The address was delivered by Squire J. P. Martin of Dayton, for more than a score of years recognized as a forceful lecturer on Bible topics.

The speaker's subject was: "Christ's Second Coming: Why? When? How?" and those who heard him agree that his handling of the theme was an able explanation of his faith supported throughout by direct scriptural quotations.

He declared the scriptures will show the object of the second advent of Christ to be the restitution of all things to the state of perfection they occupied prior to the fall of Adam, as spoken of concerning Christ by Peter in Acts, referring to the things lost through Adam's fall, Paradise and life were lost, by sin, he said.

The first advent of Christ was to redeem the human race. The time intervening between the first and second advent, the speaker described as the time for calling out and declaring the elect class, the "seed of Abraham," which consists of the church. On the occasion of the second advent, said the speaker, the elect will be exalted by Christ to that elevation wherefrom they fell by reason of Adam's sin, all the world will be restored to human perfection with this resurrection of the world. At this time all will be given an opportunity to accept the redemption, and those who refuse it will go into the second death, which is eternal.

The speaker made clear the interpretation placed on the second coming of Christ as taught by the International Bible students.

The lecture was free, and no collection was taken. A third free lecture of the series will be given next Sunday. The speaker and his topic will be announced later.

TRAVELING MEN OF THE COUNTRY WILL ORGANIZE

Associated Press Telegram. Toledo, Oct. 28.—Plans for organization of traveling men of the United States into a protective association, to which several thousand are said already to have subscribed, were announced here today by Gerald L. Siegel of New York, one of the five men with whom the movement originated in Indianapolis two weeks ago. The primary object is to unite the traveling men of the middle west and of New York and Pennsylvania, and subsequently to consolidate with similar associations in the south and west. The organization would redress complaints which individual traveling men have neither time nor opportunity to follow up, Mr. Siegel said, and would attempt to reduce the cost of traveling which, he said, had increased 100 per cent in ten years.

Signers of the circulars which are being distributed by the promoters of the movement will be asked to a meeting in New York probably December 20, at which time the organization will be formed.

Jusi is a fabric largely manufactured in Rizal, Bulacan and Laguna Provinces, Philippines.

MRS. EMMELINE

(Continued from Page 1.) England on the steamer Majestic, sailing from New York, November 27, and cited that as an evidence that Mrs. Pankhurst did not intend to remain in the United States, he declared, if admitted under bond, she would commit no act here obnoxious to the laws of the United States.

Frank S. O'Neill, another attorney, then took up the argument for the suffragist's admission. Attorney O'Neill referred to Mrs.

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BLANKETS AT 98c—64x76 inch size, good heavy cotton blankets, all colors. Sale price, per 98c

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Pankhurst's pledge that she would conduct herself in a lawful manner while in this country.

"She has made that pledge to the American people and she will keep it," declared the lawyer with eloquence.

Commissioner Caminetti asked if Mrs. Pankhurst intended to preach militancy here.

"Emphatically no," responded O'Neill. "We have her assurances on that point and we state them to you as strongly as possible."

Mr. Caminetti announced that he would not take into consideration the suffragist's lecture contracts, nor would he consider argument pertaining to the recent case of Marie Lloyd, the English music hall singer. Copies of clippings from London newspapers on the activities and arrest of Mrs. Pankhurst were evolved from the record and the hearing was closed with Commissioner Caminetti's announcement that he would give an opinion later today.

While the hearing was in progress President Wilson referred to the case in talking with the White House correspondents. He indicated that the question was more one of public policy than academic law, but gave no indication of what the outcome might be.

Secretary Wilson of the department of labor went into conference with President Wilson immediately Commissioner Caminetti's office. Some decision was expected at the end of the talk.

At the conclusion of the hearing on Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst's case officials familiar with the administration of the immigration law expressed private opinions that the British suffragette would be admitted, subject to deportation later, according to her conduct in this country.

Mrs. Pankhurst left Ellis Island

and came to New York shortly after 1 o'clock this afternoon. A motor car of Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, suffrage leader, met her at the pier and she was driven to Mrs. Belmont's home.

The management of Madison Square Garden announced that in deference to Mrs. Pankhurst's desire to get a good rest, the mass meeting she was to have addressed tonight had been postponed till Wednesday night.

Ate Hearty Breakfast. Associated Press Telegram. New York, Oct. 26.—Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, the militant English suffragette held at Ellis Island pending decision at Washington the question of her deportation, ate a hearty breakfast this morning, according to attendants and bided her time as best she could, until she could learn whether she was to be allowed to make her lecture tour in this country.

The French line owners of the steamship La Provence on which Mrs. Pankhurst will be deported, in case her appeal is denied, was quoted today as saying agent Mrs. Pankhurst's threat to go on a hunger strike if she were sent back.

"If Mrs. Pankhurst will not partake of the food provided for her and the other passengers she may do as she pleases. If the English lady prefers to die, it is her affair."

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